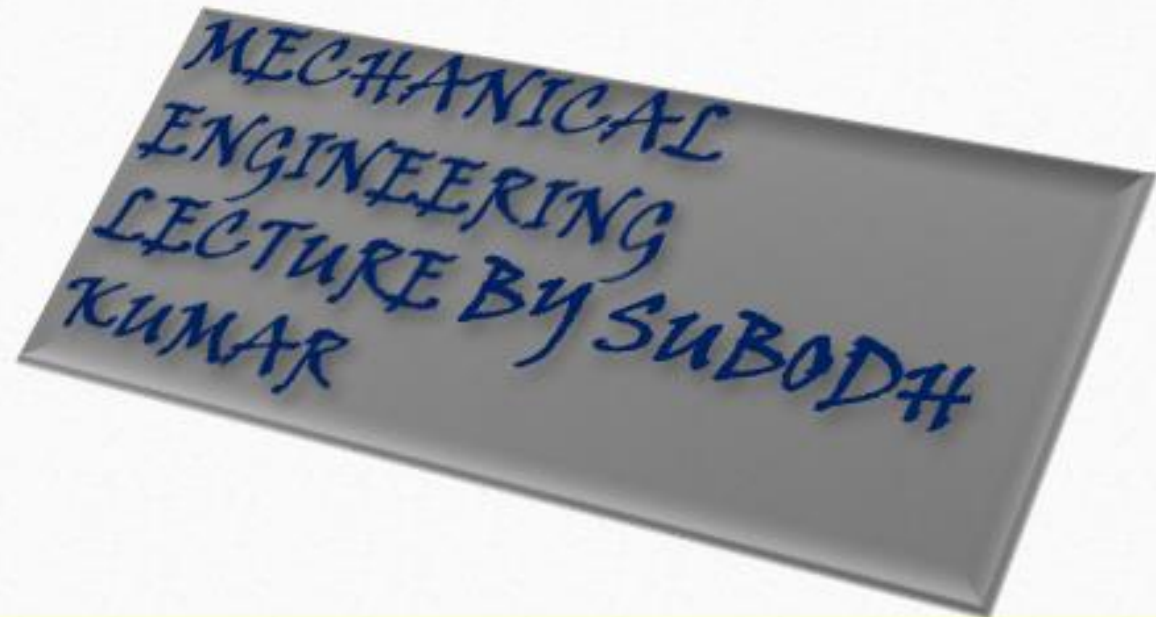




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### Question 1.3

if the velocity distribution over a plate is given by  $u = \frac{2}{3}y - y^2$  in which  $u$  is the velocity in ~~m/s~~ m/s at a distance  $y$  metres above the plate, determine the shear stress at  $y=0$  and  $y=0.15$  m. Take dynamic viscosity of fluid as 8.63 poises.

Sol<sup>n</sup>

$$u = \frac{2}{3}y - y^2$$

$$\frac{du}{dy} = \frac{2}{3} - 2y \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\left(\frac{du}{dy}\right)_{y=0} = \frac{2}{3} - 2 \times 0$$

$$\left(\frac{du}{dy}\right)_{y=0} = \frac{2}{3} = 0.667$$

$$\left(\frac{du}{dy}\right)_{y=0.15} = \frac{2}{3} - 2 \times 0.15$$

$$\left(\frac{du}{dy}\right)_{y=0.15} = \frac{2}{3} - 0.30 = 0.367$$



Viscosity  $\mu = 8.63$  poise

$$1 \text{ poise} = \frac{1}{10} \frac{\text{Ns}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\mu = \frac{8.63}{10} \frac{\text{Ns}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\boxed{\mu = 0.863 \frac{\text{Ns}}{\text{m}^2}}$$

Now the shear stress  $\tau = \mu \left( \frac{du}{dy} \right)$

(i) Shear stress at  $y = 0$  is given by

$$\tau_0 = \mu \left( \frac{du}{dy} \right)_{y=0} = 0.863 \times 0.667$$

$$= 0.5756 \text{ N/m}^2 \quad \underline{\underline{\text{Ans}}}$$

(ii) Shear stress at  $y = 0.15 \text{ m}$  is given by

$$\left( \tau \right)_{y=0.15}$$

$$= \mu \left( \frac{du}{dy} \right)_{y=0.15}$$

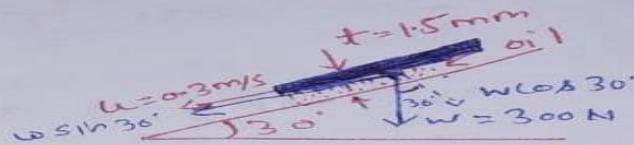
$$= 0.863 \times 0.367$$

$$= 0.3167 \text{ N/m}^2 \quad \underline{\underline{\text{Ans}}}$$

Question 1.7 ✓✓

Calculate the dynamic viscosity of an oil, which is used for lubrication between a square plate of size  $0.8\text{m} \times 0.8\text{m}$  and an inclined plane with angle of inclination  $30^\circ$  as shown in fig. The weight of the square plate is  $300\text{N}$  and it slides down the inclined plane with a uniform velocity of  $0.3\text{m/s}$ . The thickness of oil film is  $1.5\text{mm}$ .

Sol<sup>n</sup>



Area of plate  $A = 0.8 \times 0.8 = 0.64\text{m}^2$

Angle of plane  $\theta = 30^\circ$

weight of plate,  $W = 300\text{N}$

velocity of plate  $u = 0.3\text{m/s}$

Thickness of oil film ( $t = dy$ ) =  $1.5\text{mm} = 1.5 \times 10^{-3}\text{m}$

Component of weight  $w$ , along the plane =  $W \sin 30^\circ$

=  $300 \times \frac{1}{2}$

Thus shear force  $F$  on the bottom =  $150\text{N}$

Surface of the plate

$$\tau = \frac{F}{A_{\text{area}}} = \frac{150}{0.64} \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy}$$

$du =$  change in velocity  $u - 0 = u = 0.3 \text{ m/s}$   
final - initial

$$dy = t = 1.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{150}{0.64} = \mu \frac{0.3}{1.5 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$\mu = \frac{150 \times 1.5 \times 10^{-3}}{0.64 \times 0.3}$$

$$\boxed{\mu = 1.17 \frac{\text{Ns}}{\text{m}^2}} \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

$$1 \text{ poise} = \frac{1}{10} \frac{\text{Ns}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\mu = 1.17 \times 10$$

$$\boxed{\mu = 11.7 \text{ Poise}} \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

Question<sup>1.13</sup> The velocity distribution for flow over a flat plate is given by  $u = \frac{3}{4}y - y^2$  in which  $u$  is the velocity in metres per second at a distance  $y$  metres above the plate. Determine the shear stress at  $y = 0.15 \text{ m}$ . Take dynamic viscosity of fluid as  $8.5$  poise.

Soln

$$u = \frac{3}{4}y - y^2$$

diff w.r to  $y$

$$\frac{du}{dy} = \frac{3}{4} - 2y$$

$$\left(\frac{du}{dy}\right)_{0.15} = \frac{3}{4} - 2 \times 0.15$$
$$= 0.75 - 0.30$$

$$\boxed{\left(\frac{du}{dy}\right)_{0.15} = 0.45}$$

$$\text{viscosity } \mu = 8.5 \text{ poise} = \frac{8.5}{10} \frac{\text{Ns}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\tau = \mu \frac{du}{dy} = \frac{8.5}{10} \times 0.45 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\boxed{\tau = 0.3825 \text{ N/m}^2} \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

THANKYOU