

# ORDINANCE AND REVISED CURRICULUM FOR

## B.A.LL.B. (Hons): FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED DEGREE COURSE

(Effective from 2024-25)



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**V.B.S. PURVANCHAL UNIVERSITY**  
**JAUNPUR**

# VEER BAHADUR SINGH PURVANCHAL UNIVERSITY, JAUNPUR

## SYLLABUS

### B.A.LL.B. (Hons.): FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE

#### SEMESTER – I

#### PAPER-I

#### English – I

- A**           **Vocabulary: Learning the proper use of:**
- 1       Legal Terms
  - 2       Idiomatic expressions
  - 3       Foreign words and phrases (Important Latin, Greek and English affixes)
  - 4       One word substitution
  - 5       Words often confused
- B**           **Grammatical Prerequisites**
- 1       Singular and Plural
  - 2       Concord
    - a) Subject – Verb
    - b) Pronoun – and its antecedents
    - c) Demonstrative Adjective and Noun
  - 3       Determiners: Pre-determiners by Post- determiners
  - 4       Verbs as different parts of speech
  - 5       Time and tense
  - 6       Conditionals
  - 7       Punctuation and Capitalisation
  - 8       Reported Speech
  - 9       Transformation
- C**           **Reading Skills**
- i       Intensive Reading: The following short stories from R.K. Narayan’s **Malgudi Days** (Mysore : Indian Thought Publication, 2006): (1) ‘A Astrologer’s Day’, (2) ‘The Missing Mail’, (3) ‘Gateman’s Gift’, (4) ‘The Blind Dog’, (5) ‘The Tiger’s Claw’, (6) ‘Forty-five a Month’, (7) ‘Out of Business’, (8) ‘Atilla’
  - ii      Extensive Reading : Any two of the following books:
    - (a)     Agatha Christie, **Witness for the Prosecution:**  
Harper Collins, London

- (b) Ernest Hemingway, **The Old man and Sea**, Harmonds worth: Penguin
- (c) Galsworthy, **Justice**
- (d) George Orwell, **Animal Farm**

**Note :** The students have to select any two of the prescribed books in this section as per their own interest. The books will not be taught formally in the class but compulsory questions will be there in the examination.

## **D Composition Skills**

- (a) Paragraph Writing:  
Topic Sentence, Ways to Develop a Paragraph (Inductive Order, Deductive Order, Question to Answer Order, Exposition, Time Order, Comparison and Contrast, Enumeration).
- (b) Letter writing:
  - i) Qualities of a letter
  - ii) Format of a letter
  - iii) Types of letters
- (c) Note Taking

## **E Listening Comprehension and IPA**

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | a | Consonant and vowel sounds in English   |
|   | b | Speech Mechanism  |
|   | c | /-t/, /-d/, /-id/ endings   |
|   | d | /-s/, /-z/, /-iz/ endings   |
|   | e | Consonant clusters  |
|   | f | Syllables   |
|   | g | Word stress and sentence stress   |
|   | h | Intonation  |
| 2 |   | Listening to pre-recorded standard English cassettes and answering questions. |

### **Text-Books and Reference Materials:**

- i) **Word Power Made Easy**, Norman Lewis (Amsco School Publication, New York)
- ii) Foreign Expressions Appendix in **Twenty-first Century Chambers Dictionary**
- iii) **Essentials of Grammar and Composition**, Glenn Leggett, C. David Mead and William Charvat, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- iv) **Remedial English Grammar**, FT Worod, Macmillan, Delhi
- v) **Improve Your Writing** , VN Arora and Lakshmi Chandra (Delhi : Oxford U P, 1981)
- vi) **A Course in Phonetics and Spoken English**, J Sethi and PV Dhamija (Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1992)

- vii) **A Text Books of English Phonetics for Indian students**, T Balasubrananian (Macmillan India Ltd, Delhi, 2005)
- viii) **Business Correspondence and report Writing**, R C Sharma and Krishna Mohan (Tata-McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008)
- ix) **English for Law**, M A Yadugiri and Githa Bhasker, (Foundation Books, New Delhi et al, 2005)
- x) **Professional English in Use. (Law)**, Gillian D Brown and Sally Rice, (Cambridge U P, New Delhi, 2008)
- xi) **Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English**
- xii) **Collins Cobuild Dictionary of English Language**
- xiii) **English Pronouncing Dictionary (ELBS)**

## PAPER-II

### **Economics-I (Microeconomic Analysis)**

1. **Introduction:** Introduction to basic economics: - microeconomics and macroeconomics; the nature and methods of economics; the economizing problem; the circular flow model; Types of economy: Socialist economy, market economy (pure capitalism), the command economy, mixed systems, the traditional economy.
2. **Individual Markets: Demand and Supply:** Markets defined, Demand-law of demand, Supply-law of Supply and demand: Market Equilibrium surpluses, shortages, equilibrium, rationing function of price, changes in supply and demand; Demand and Supply elasticity.
3. **Consumer Behavior and Utility Maximisation :** Theory of consumer behavior, consumer choices and restraints, utility maximizing rule, Marginal utility and the demand curve, The time dimension, the value of time, The paradox of value, the water-diamond paradox.
4. **Production and Cost :** Production theory and marginal product, production function, law of diminishing return, economies and diseconomies of scale; Production cost in short and long run, fixed variable and total costs, Organizing a Business, large-scale, medium and small businesses, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, hybrid form of business organizations.
5. **Market Structure :**
  - (a) Four markets model and pure competition : Pure competition and Occurrence, behavior of competitive firm in short and long run; Pure competition and efficiency;
  - (b) Imperfect competition and pure monopoly : Definition of imperfect competition and its types, pure monopoly; Economic effects of monopoly, price discrimination; Regulated monopoly
  - (c) Oligopoly: Concepts and Occurrence; A Game Theory Overview; Four oligopoly model.
6. **Income Resource pricing and wage determination :** Production and resource demand, Resource Pricing; Marginal Productivity theory of resource; Marginal productivity theory of income distribution; Meaning of wages, Wages in particular labour markets; Minimum Wages Legislation; Labour supply; Role of Trade Union, Rent, interest and profit.

**PAPER-III**

***Political Science-I***

**Political Theory and Political Organization**

**Part-I Political Theory**

1. Definition, Meaning and Nature of Political Science and its relationship with Law.
2. Concept of State :
  - (i) Essentials of State.
  - (ii) Origin of state: Social Contract and Historical Evolutionary Theory.
  - (iii) Liberal, Marxist, Idealist, Classical Hindu and Islamic view of state.
  - (iv) Functions of state: Liberal and Marxist view
3. **Sovereignty:**
  - (i) Concept and Attributes of sovereignty.
  - (ii) Different theories of Sovereignty: Monistic, Pluralistic and Philosophical.
4. Concepts: Liberty, Equality, Rights.
5. Political Ideologies: Liberalism, Socialism, Marxism, Fascism and Gandhism.

**Part-II Political Organization**

1. Organization of Government: Unitary, Federal, Parliamentary and Presidential forms of Government.
2. Organs of Government: Legislature, Executive and Judiciary.
3. Doctrines: Separation of Powers, Rule of Law, Judicial Review and Judicial Activism.

**PAPER-IV**

***Sociology-I***

**General Sociology**

- I**      (a) Sociology  
          (b) Scope and subject, matter of Sociology  
          (c) Social structure
  
- II**      (a) Society and A Society  
          (b) Tribal and agrarian Society  
          (c) Industrial and post industrial Society  
          (d) Status and role
  
- III**     (a) Institutions  
          (b) Associations  
          (c) Social groups, primary and secondary groups  
          (d) Reference groups, In and Out groups
  
- IV**     (a) Community  
          (b) Urban Community  
          (c) Rural Community  
          (d) Rural-Urban continuum
  
- V**      (a) Socialization  
          (b) Theories of Socialization  
          (c) Culture and its typology  
          (d) The relation between personality and culture

## **PAPER-V**

### **Law of Contract-I**

#### **1. Meaning and Kinds of Contract.**

#### **2. Essential Elements of a Contract.**

#### **3. Proposal:**

- (i) Meaning, Elements, Kinds of Proposal (or Offer). Rules relating to Communication of Proposal and Revocation of Proposal, Modes of Revocation of Proposal.
  - (ii) Meaning of Promise, Reciprocal Promise, Agreement and Contract including e-contract.
4. **Acceptance:** Meaning, Elements, Rules regarding Communication and Revocation of Acceptance.
  5. **Consideration:** Meaning & Elements, Past Consideration, Doctrine of Privity of Contract. What Consideration and Objects are lawful and what not, Exceptions to the rule “an agreement without consideration is void.”
  6. **Competence of parties to a Contract** with special reference to minor’s agreement.
  7. **Free consent:** Factors vitiating free consent- Coercion. Undue influence, fraud, Misrepresentation, Mistake.
  8. **Void Agreements** with special reference to Agreement in Restraint of Trade, Sale of Goodwill, Wagering Agreement : Meaning, Nature
  9. **Contingent contract:** Meaning, Nature and circumstances when a contract is Contingent.



## **PAPER-VI**

### **English-II**

#### **Legal Language and Legal Writing**

- 1- Development of Equity : Maxims Viz Equity follows the law; where equities are equal, the law shall prevail; He who seeks equity, must do equity; He who comes to equity must come with clean hands; Delay defeats equity; Equality is equity looks to the intent rather than to the form; Equity acts in personam.
- 2- Development of Legal Vocabulary Legal terms and maxims for example : *Ab initio, ad interim, alibi, adhoc, audi alteram, pertem, bonafide, costodia legis, de novo, ejusdem generis, functus officio, habeas corpus, ipso facto, in limine, lis pendens, modus operandi, ratio decidendi, per se, status quo, ultra vires, vis major*, etc.
- 3- Comprehension of Legal Texts- Shahbano case list nine more such cases
- 4- Legal Writing:
  - a) Legal News Writing
  - b) Legal Report Writing
  - c) Legal Essay Writing on topics of legal interest
- 5- Legal Drafting :
  - a) Notices, Civil Suit & Affidavit.
  - b) Criminal Complaints, FIR
- 6- General Legal writings in English

**Writing of case comments**

  - (i) Ashby v/s White and others 2 Id Rayon 938
  - (ii) Donoughe v/s Stevenson, House of Lords (1932) Ac 562 (1932), All Er Rep – 1
  - (iii) Keshvananda Bharti v/s State of Kerala (Air 1973 SC 1461
  - (iv) Mohiri Biwi v/s Dharmodas Ghosh Privy Council (1903) 30 IA 114.
  - (v) Balfour v/s Balfour (1919) 2 KB 57.
  - (vi) Menka Gandhi v/s Union of India AIR 1978 SC 597.
  - (vii) Subhagwanti v/s Delhi Municipal Corporation AIR 1966 SC 1750
- 7- Use of Computer
  - a) Basics
  - b) In Legal Education

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## SYLLABUS

**B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) : FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE**

### SEMESTER – II

#### PAPER-I

#### English –III

- A**            **Essential of Good Writing**
- a            Basic sentence faults:
    - i) Sentence fragments
    - ii) Comma Splice
    - iii) Squinting constructions
    - iv) Split infinitives
    - v) Dangling constructions
    - vi) Illogical comparisons
  - b            Effective sentences :
    - i) Subordination
    - ii) Sentence variety
    - iii) Parallelism
    - iv) Emphasis
    - v) Directness
    - vi) Appropriateness
- B**            **Writing Skills**
- a            Summaries
  - b            Precies
  - c            Reports
  - d            Proposals
- C**            **Reading Comprehension:**
- a            Intensive Reading : The Famous Speeches : (Ten)- to be prescribed.
  - b            Extensive Reading : Any two of the following :
    - 1)        Sherlock Holmes : The following short stories ‘A Scandal Bohemia’, ‘Silver Blaze’, ‘The Final Problem’, ‘The Adventure of Six Napoleons’, ‘The Adventure of the Devil’s Foot’ and ‘The Adventure of the Illustrious Client’
    - 2)        RK Narayan’s (Eight stories from Lawley Road as appear in Malgudi Days)

- 3) Roses in December, M.C. Chhagla
- 4) The Autobiography, Benjamin Franklin, New York : The Modern Library, 1950
- 5) Hind Swaraj, MK Gandhi, Ahmedabad : Navjeevan, 2006

**Note :**

The students have to select any two of the prescribed books in this section as per their own interest. The books will not be taught formally in the class but compulsory questions will be there in the examination.

**D**

**Speech Training**

- a Reading Aloud
- b Making Speeches
- c Group Discussion

**Text-Books and Reference Materials :**

- i) **Word Power Made Easy**, Norman Lewis (Amsco School Publication, New York.)
- ii) Foreign Expressions Appendix in Twenty-First Century Chambers Dictionary.
- iii) Essentials of Grammar and Composition, Glenn Leggett, C. David Mead and William Charvat, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- iv) Remedial English Grammar, FT Worod, Macmillan, Delhi
- v) Improve Your Writing, VN Arora and Lakshmi Chandra (Delhi : Oxford U P, 1981)
- vi) A Course in Phonetics and Spoken English, J Sethi and P.V. Dhamija (Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1992)
- vii) A Text Book of English Phonetics for Indian students, T. Balasubrananian (Macmillan India Ltd. Delhi, 2005)
- viii) Business Correspondence and Report Writing, RC Sharma and Krishna Mohan (Tata-McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008)
- ix) English for Law, MA Yadugiri and Githa Bhasker, (Foundation books, New Delhi et al, 2005)
- x) Professional English in use, (Law) Gillian D, Brown and Sally Rice, (Cambridge U P, New Delhi, 2008)
- xi) Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English
- xii) Collins Cobuild Dictionary of English Language
- xiii) English Pronouncing Dictionary (ELBS)
- xiv) Krishna Mohan and NP Singh, Speaking English Effectively, Delhi: Macmillan, 2005
- xv) Hari Mohan Prasad and Rajnish mihan, How to Prepare for Group Discussion and Interview, New Delhi : Tata McGraw-Hill, 2005

- xvi) Simon Elliott, Public Speaking for All Occasions, London : Business Books, 1971
- xvii) Francis Soundararaj, Speaking and Writing for Effective Business Communication, Delhi : Macmillan, 2007

## **PAPER-II**

### ***Economics-II (Macroeconomic Analysis)***

1. **Introduction:** Meaning and concept of Macroeconomics, Macroeconomic policy, Development of School of thought: classical, Keynesian and Post-Keynesian. Economic growth and economic development, determinants of economic development.
2. **Planning:** Definitions, need, objectives, types, strategy, and adoption in India; role of public and private sector, problem of public sector units, deficit, financing; Understanding the role of economic reforms in India, Role of Niti Aayog (the planning commission); Planning in the era of liberalization; Political dimensions of economic reforms.
3. **Theory of Money and Banking:** Functions and classifications of money, monetary policy, Inflation and deflation, money markets and capital markets; Functions of Commercial banking, Central Bank and credit control, Non-Banking Financial Institutions .
4. **National Income:** Real GDP, Nominal GDP, Per capita GDP.
5. **Poverty and Unemployment:** Concepts, causes and policy measures of poverty; types of unemployment. Inflation: types and causes of inflation; Economic policies : monetary and fiscal policy; Debates over macroeconomic policies.
6. **Public finance:** Public finance vs. Private finance; Public expenditure and its importance, Effects of public expenditure on growth distribution; Public revenue: what is tax? Classifications of taxes, characteristics of a good tax system, problem of equity in taxation, incidence of taxation: shifting the burden of tax, Fiscal Policy and Central Budget.

**PAPER-III**

***Political Science-II***

**Foundations of Political Obligation**

- 1- Concepts: Power, Authority, Legitimacy,
- 2- Moral Obligation and Political Obligation,
- 3- Foundations of Political Obligation:
  - (i) Classical View : Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau,
  - (ii) Modern View : Maxweber, Marx and Emile Durkheim
- 4- Utilitarian Theory of Political Obligation
- 5- Political Obligation versus Civil disobedience: Gandhian and Neo-Gandhian view
- 6- The Problem of Obedience to Unjust Laws: versus Justice
- 7- Problem of Punishment: Justness and Justifiability of use of force by the state against the citizens.
- 8- The Contemporary crisis of Legitimation

**PAPER-IV**

***Political Science-III***

**Comparative Politics and Comparative Political Philosophy**

**Part-I Comparative Politics and Government**

1. Meaning, Nature and scope of comparative politics.
2. Approaches to the study of comparative politics : Traditional and Modern approaches.
3. Constitutionalism: Meaning, Nature and kinds of constitutionalism.
4. Democratic Theory:
  - (i) Definition and Meaning of Democracy
  - (ii) Direct Democracy: Referendum, Initiative and Recall (with special reference to Switzerland)
  - (iii) Grass root Democracy: Rural and Urban local self-government with special reference to 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Amendment Acts.
5. Political Parties: Meaning, role and functions of political parties in modern state.
6. Pressure Groups: Meaning, Role and Techniques of pressure groups in modern democracy

**Part-II Comparative Political Philosophy**

1.
  - (i) Western Political Philosophy (Ancient and Medieval) : Political Ideas of Plato, Aristotle and Aquinas.
  - (ii) Western Political Philosophy (Modern): Political Ideas of Machiavelli, Hegel, Marx and Lenin.
2.
  - (i) Indo-Oriental Political Philosophy (Ancient and Medieval): Political Ideas of Manu, Kautilya, Barni and Abul FAzal.
  - (ii) Indo-Oriental Political Philosophy (Modern): Political Ideas of Mahatma Gandhi, Jawahar Lal Nehru, B.R. Ambedkar and Mao-tse-Tung.

**PAPER-V**

***Sociology-II***

**Indian Sociology**

1. (a) Hindu marriage, traditional types and forms  
(b) Hindu marriage a sacrament  
(c) Muslim Marriage Traditional types and forms  
(d) Muslim Marriage a contract
  
2. (a) Polygamous system and usages  
(b) Kinship system and usages  
(c) The difference between north and south kinship patterns  
(d) Joint family
  
3. (a) Caste system  
(b) Dominant castes  
(c) Jajmani system  
(d) Caste in minority groups
  
4. (a) Sanskritization  
(b) Westernization  
(c) Modernization  
(d) Secularization
  
5. (a) Casteism  
(b) Communalism  
(c) Regionalism  
(d) Terrorism

**PAPER-VI**

***Law of Contract-II***

1. **Discharge of Contract:** Modes- Specific Performance, Breach of Contract including Anticipatory breach of contract
2. Impossibility of Performance (Doctrine of Frustration of Contract)
3. Novation of Contract, Alteration of Contract.
4. **Quasi Contract :** Meaning and circumstances when there will be Quasi Contract.
5. **Measures and kinds of Damages.**
6. **Contract of Indemnity:** Meaning and Essentials. Indemnifier and indemnity holder- Rights and Duties vis-à-vis
7. **Contract of Guarantee:** Meaning and Essentials, Distinction between guarantee and Indemnity, Continuing Guarantee, Revocation of Continuing Guarantee, Rights of Surety and discharge of Surety from liability.
8. **Contract of Bailment:** Meaning, Essentials and Kinds, Termination of bailment, Rights and Duties of bailor and bailee
9. **Contract of Pledge:** Definition and Essentials, Distinction between bailment and Pledge, Who can Pledge?
10. **Contract of Agency:** Meaning of Agency, Agent, Distinction from Servent and Independent contractor, Kinds of Agents, Creation of agency, Rights and Duties of an agent, Termination of agency, Irrevocable Agency.

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# VEER BAHADUR SINGH PURVANCHAL UNIVERSITY, JAUNPUR

## SYLLABUS

**B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) : FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE**

### SEMESTER – III

#### PAPER-I

**Political Science-IV**

**The Constitution of India**

#### **Part-I Constitutional Development in India**

1. Factors influencing constitutional development: Colonialism and Nationalism in India; Meaning, Nature and Different Stages.
2. Major Pre-Constitutional Acts: From Regulating Act to the Act of 1935.
3. Making of the India Constitution: Organisation, Powers and Functions of constituent Assembly.

#### **Part-II The Constitution of India**

1. The Philosophy of the Constitution: The objectives Resolution, Preamble of Indian Constitution including Constitutional values with special reference to social, economic and political justice.
2. Salient Features of the constitution.
3. Legislatures: (i) Union Legislature and officers of Parliament.  
(ii) State Legislature.
4. Executive: (i) Union Executive; President, Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers.  
(ii) State executive: Governor, Chief Minister and the Council of Ministers.
5. Federalism: Nature of Indian federalism, Centre-State Relations.

**PAPER-II**

***Economic-III***

***Public Policy and Development***

- 1. Introduction-** Significance of policy making & implications in Society; Policy Making Process-formation, adoption and implementation & evaluation; Goals underlying Policy Making- Equity, Efficiency, Welfare, Liberty; Means and Methods of Implementation and Security
- 2. Economic Development-** Concepts and issues in economic development, debate on state vs. Markets, Public sectors vs. Private sectors, SEZ, FDI, Inclusive growth, New Economic Policy.
- 3. Economics of Health care Policy-** Public Health- constitution and statutory mandate; universal health coverage; Medicare and Medicaid; Health care reform evaluation of current policies; Legal response to health policies.
- 4. Economics of Environmental Protection-** Energy policy, energy crisis and protection of natural resources; Environmental Policy-elements; global warming and climate change; New Sources of Energy; Legal framework for energy regulations.
- 5. Economics of Education Policy-** Current challenges, Right to education, Reform of educational institutions; Role of private sectors in education; Judicial decision on education policy; Right to Education Act; Commercialization of education
- 6. Globalization and Economic Policy-** Development vs. sustainable development, WTO, United Nations, World Bank, IBRD, IMF, ADB, Liberalization and EXIM policy; Foreign Policy.

**PAPER-III**  
**Sociology-III**  
*Society and Crime*

1.
  - (a) Social Disorganization
  - (b) Social Anomie
  - (c) Social Conformity and Deviance
  - (d) Social Pathology
  
2.
  - (a) Crime and similar terms
  - (b) Types and forms of crime
  - (c) Causes of crime
  - (d) Theories of crime
  
3.
  - (a) Punishment and types
  - (b) Theories of punishment
  - (c) Reforms and Rehabilitations
  - (d) Prison-systems
  
4.
  - (a) Criminalization of politics
  - (b) Corruption
  - (c) White-collar-crime
  - (d) Juvenile-delinquency
  
5.
  - (a) Social Control
  - (b) Means and Agencies of social control
  - (c) Crime against women and children
  - (d) Important social legislations

## **PAPER-IV**

### **Constitutional Law-I**

1. Nature of Constitutions of India, Its salient features and Preamble.
2. Citizenship
3. Union and State Executive
4. Parliament and State Legislature-General, Officers of parliament, disqualification of members, powers privileges and immunities of parliament, state legislatures and its members, legislative procedure
5. Union and State Judiciary; Appointment of Judges, Jurisdiction, Independence of Judiciary.
6. Centre-State Relations
7. Trade, Commerce and Intercourse
8. Services under Union and States
9. Elections
10. Official Language

### **Reference:**

1. Constitutional Law of India by M.P. Jain
2. Constitutional Law of India by V.N. Shukla
3. Constitutional Law of India by D.D. Basu
4. Constitutional Law of India by J.N.Pandey

## **PAPER-V**

### **Law of Contract-III**

#### **A. The Sales of Goods Act, 1930**

1. Definition and Essentials of Sale
2. Distinction between Sale and agreement to sell
3. Distinction between Sale and Hire – Purchase
4. Conditions and warranties, meaning and difference, with special reference to ‘Caveat Emptor’
5. Maxim “Nemo dat quod non habet”
6. Unpaid seller – meaning and rights with special references to
  - (a) Lien
  - (b) Stoppage of goods in transit
  - (c) Re-Sale

#### **B. The Indian Partnership Act, 1932**

1. Definition and Essentials of Partnership
2. Distinction of Partnership with Joint Hindu Family business and Company
3. Kinds of Partnership
4. Rights and duties of Partners
5. Implied authority of partners
6. Holding Out
7. The position of minor in a Partnership firm
8. Registration of the firm
9. Dissolution of the firm

#### **C. The Limited Liability Partnership Act 2008**

Salient features of the Act, Distinction between LLP and Partnership

#### **D. The Specific Relief Act, 1963**

1. Recovery of Property
2. Specific Performance of Contract
3. Contracts which can specifically be performed
4. Contracts which cannot specifically be performed
5. Injunction and its Kinds.

## **PAPER-VI**

### **FAMILY LAW-I**

1. Introduction: Outlines of Hindu and Muslim personal laws: with reference to sources and Schools.
2. Conditions for a valid marriage under the Hindu Law, Muslim Law and the Special marriages Act, 1954 – A comparative study
  - (a) Ceremonies
  - (b) Prohibited Degree of Relationship
  - (c) Sapinda
  - (d) Disabilities under Muslim Law and their effects
3. Kinds of Marriage (in the Hindu Law, Muslim Law and the Special Marriage Act, 1954)
  - (a) Valid
  - (b) Void
  - (c) Voidable
  - (d) Irregular
  - (e) Temporary
4. The Nature and Effect of a marriage vis-à-vis Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1978.
5. The nature of Marriage under Hindu and Muslim Law.
6. The Divorce under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 (Grounds and their Effects.)
7. The Divorce under the Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939 (Grounds and their Effects.)
8. The Divorce under the Special Marriage Act, 1954 (Grounds and their Effects).
9. Divorce by mutual consent: ‘Khula’ and ‘Mubaraat’ under Muslim Law and Divorce by mutual consent under the Hindu Law.
10. Extra Judicial Divorce (without intervention of the Court) under Muslim Law with special reference to modern Judicial Approach in the area of Talaq.
11. The conditions and Effects of
  - (a) Talaq
  - (b) Talaq e Tafweez

### **REFERENCES:**

1. **Muslim Law** by A.A.A. Fyzee
2. **Muslim Law** by R.K. Sinha.
3. **Hindu Law** by D.F. Mulla
4. **Hindu Law** by Paras Diwan
5. **Mohammdan Law** by Aquil Ahmad

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# **VEER BAHADUR SINGH PURVANCHAL UNIVERSITY, JAUNPUR**

## **SYLLABUS**

**B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) : FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE**

### **SEMESTER – IV**

#### **PAPER-I**

**Political Science-V**

**International Politics: Theory and Practice**

#### **Part-I Theory**

1. Meaning, Nature and scope of international Politics.
2. Key concepts: National Power, National Interest, National Security, Terrorism.
3. Alternative Models of International Security: Balance of Power, Collective Security, Nuclear Deterrence, Disarmament and Arms Control.
4. Foreign Policy and Diplomacy: Concept Determinants and objectives of Foreign Policy and Diplomacy, Diplomacy: Old and New.

#### **Part-II Practice**

1. (i) India's Foreign Policy : Determinants, Evolution since 1947, Recent Developments.  
(ii) India's Nuclear Policy: Evolution and Recent Developments.
2. (i) UN and its Role in Peace-Keeping, Peace-Building and Peace-Making.  
(ii) Specialised UN Agencies and Programmes of UN with special Reference to ILO, WHO, IMF and UNHRC.
3. Regional Organisations: EEC, ASEAN, SAARC.
4. Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) : Origin, Role and Relevance, India and NAM.

## **PAPER-II**

### **Political Science-VI**

### **Public Administration**

#### **Part-I Administrative Theory**

- 1- Meaning, Scope and Significance of Public Administration.
- 2- Ecology of Public Administration.
- 3- New Public Administration.
- 4- Organisation : Meaning, Types and Bases of Organisation, Theories of Organisation and Principles of Organisation.

#### **Part-II Indian Administration**

1. Structure of Organisation: Central Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat, PMO.
2. Planning in India: Definition and Concept of Planning, Planning Machinery and Planning Process.
3. Financial Administration:
  - (i) Budget; Formulation, Approval and Execution.
  - (ii) Parliamentary Control over Financial Administration.
4. Constitutional Statutory Institutions/Commissions: Financial Commission, Union Public Service Commission, Election Commission, National Human Rights Commission, National Commission for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, National Commission for Women, National Commission for Minorities, National Commission for Backward Classes.



### **PAPER-III**

#### **Administrative Law**

- 1- Definition, Nature and Scope
- 2- Reasons for the growth of administrative law and its importance in modern times.
- 3- Doctrine of Separation of powers
- 4- Rule of Law
- 5- Delegated Legislation: Meaning, reasons of its growth, Constitutional limits and control of delegated legislation.
- 6- Administrative Tribunals: Reasons of its growth, its difference from ordinary courts.
- 7- Judicial control of Administrative Discretions and Actions: Constitutional (Doctrines of Legitimate expectation, proportionality and Public Accountability)
- 8- Natural Justice: Rule against bias, Fair hearing, reasoned decisions.
- 9- Ombudsman: Lokpal and Lokayukta.
- 10- Tortious Liability of State.

#### **References:**

1. American Administrative Law by Bernard Schwartz
2. English Administrative Law by Wade and Phillips
3. Indian Administrative Law by M.P. Jain and S.N. Jain
4. Indian Administrative Law by I.P. Massey
5. Indian Administrative Law by C.K. Takwani

## **PAPER-IV**

### **Constitutional Law-II**

1. Fundamental Rights: State, Equality, Freedom and Social Control, Personal Liberty, changing dimensions of personal liberty, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies.
2. Directive Principles of State Policy, Inter relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles.
3. Fundamental Duties.
4. Special Provisions relating to certain classes
5. Emergency: National ( Art 352), President Rule (Art 356) and Financial (Art 360)
6. Amendment of the Constitution
7. Right to Property

### **References:**

1. Constitutional Law of India by M.P. Jain
2. Constitutional Law of India by V.N. Shukla
3. Constitutional Law of India by H.M. Seervai
4. Constitutional Law of India by D.D. Basu
5. Constitutional Law of India by J.N. Pandey

## **PAPER V**

### **Law of Torts and Consumer Protection Law**

- 1. Nature:**
  - (a) Definition and Essential Elements of Tort.
  - (b) Difference between Tort and Crime, Tort and Contract, Tort and Quasi Contract, Tort and Trust
  - (c) Whether it is law of Torts or law of Tort?
- 2. Basic Maxims:**
  - (a) ubi jus iti remedium
  - (b) injuria sine damnum
  - (c) Damnum sine injuria.
- 3. General Defences:**
  - (a) Volenti non fit injuria
  - (b) Act of God, Inevitable accident, act of necessity
- 4. Remoteness of damage (remoteness of consequences)**
- 5. Vicarious liability:** Nature of vicarious liability
  - (a) Master and Servant Relationship
  - (b) State Liability
- 6. Strict Liability And Absolute Liability**
- 7. Joint Tort Feasers.**
- 8. Tort against Person:** (a) Assault (b) Battery (c) False Imprisonment
- 9. Malicious Prosecution**
- 10. Negligence:** Definition, Essential elements, Res Ipsa loquitur, contributory Negligence, Last Opportunity rule.
- 11. Nuisance:** Meaning, Elements, Kinds of Nuisance, Defence.
- 12. Defamation:** Meaning, Kinds, Essential Elements and Defences.
- 13. Torts against Property:** Trespass, Deceit.
- 14. Consumer Protection Act, 2019:**
  - (a) **Definition :**
    - (i) Consumer, Services Goods, Defect & Deficiency, Unfair Complaint, Consumer.
    - (ii) Consumers Councils, Their role, Rights of Consumer.
  - (b) **Redressal Forums:** District Commission, State Commission and National Commission, Their Constitution and Powers.

## **PAPER-VI**

### **FAMILY LAW –II**

#### **1. The Woman's Special Right to Property**

- (a) Stridhana
- (b) Woman's Estate
- (c) Effect of/S. 14,/S.15 of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 on the Stridhan and Woman's Estate
- (d) 'Mehtar' (Dower)
- (e) Lawful agreements in favour of wife e.g. 'Kharchai Pandan' and 'Mewa Khori'

#### **2. The Law of Maintenance**

- (a) The Persons entitled for maintenance
- (b) The maintenance of wife under B.N.S.S. 2023
- (c) The maintenance of Hindu wife under the Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956
- (d) The maintenance during pendency of suit and permanent alimony under /S. 24, /S.25 the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
- (e) The maintenance of the divorced woman under the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986
- (f) The maintenance of the wife under the Special Marriages Act, 1954

#### **3. The Guardianship and Custody of the Child under the following**

- (a) The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956
- (b) The Guardian and Wards Act, 1869

#### **4. Difference between Custody and Guardianship and concept of welfare of the child**

#### **5. The Adoption**

Conditions of adoption under the Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956, legal Effects of adoption

#### **6. The Basis of Succession in Personal Laws the Hindu Law and Muslim Law**

- (a) General Principles
- (b) Exclusion from Inheritance.
- (c) Administration of Estate U/S320, 322-325 of the Indian Succession Act, 1925 and general rules of bequest in Muslim Law.
- (d) Kinds of heirs and distribution of shares
- (e) Survivorship and Succession
- (f) S.6 of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956.
- (g) Adjustment of inheritance in peculiar cases by using the doctrine of 'Increase' and 'Return' in Muslim Law.

### **REFERENCES:**

1. Hindu Law: Principles & Precedents by Raghavachariar, N.R.
2. Essays in Classical & Modern Hindu Law in 4 vols. By Derrett, J.D.M.
3. Hindu Law and usage by Mayne

4. Principles of Hindu Law in 3 vols. By Srinivasan
5. Law of Marriage & Divorce by Saharay, H.K.
6. Modern Hindu Law by Kesari, U.P.D.
7. Hindu Law by Agarwal, R.K.

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**VEER BAHADUR SINGH PURVANCHAL  
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**SYLLABUS**

**B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) : FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE**

**SEMESTER – V**

**PAPER-I**

**Jurisprudence-I**

1. The meaning and nature of Jurisprudence, its purpose and scope, effects of socio-economic and cultural realities on law, relation between law and other social sciences for critical and interdisciplinary thinking.
2. The Definition of Law :
  - (a) Formal
  - (b) in terms of its purpose
  - (c) as a social fact
3. Schools of Jurisprudence
  - (a) Positivist School
  - (b) Pure Theory of Law
  - (c) Historical School
  - (d) Sociological School
  - (e) Realist School
4. Natural Law School: Law as the dictate of reason :
5. Relationship between Law and Morals.

## **PAPER-II**

### **Environmental Law**

1. Environment – Meaning, Environmental ethics-Indian tradition Bio- Ethics
2. Need for Environmental Protection
3. Pollution – Meaning, causes of pollution; kinds of pollution.
4. International Conventions on Protection of Environment: Stockholm Conference 1972, Earth Summit, WSSD 2002, UNFCCC 1992, Kyoto Protocol 1997, UNCBD 1992
5. Indian Constitution and Environmental Protection
6. Principles: Sustainable Development, Polluter Pays Principle, Precautionary Principle, Public Trust Doctrine
7. Environmental Protection Act 1986: Basic concepts, objects and purposes, salient features
8. Control of Noise Pollution
9. Prevention and Control of Water Pollution: Composition, Powers and Functions of CPCB, SPCB; Power to take sample, Citizen suit provisions.
10. Control of Air Pollution: Composition, Powers and Functions of CPCB, SPCB; Comparison of Water Act and Air Act
11. Wildlife Protection-Authorities, Hunting, Illegal Trade and Commerce, Protected Areas
12. Salient features of Forest Act, 1927, Forest Conservation Act, 1980; Biological Diversity Act, 2002, National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

## **PAPER-III**

### **Law of Crimes-I**

1. Definition and nature of crime
2. Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita: Objective, Applicability and Salient Features
3. Elements of crime
4. Stages of Crimes: Guilty Intention, Preparation, Attempt
5. Types of Punishment
6. Joint Liability
7. General Exceptions under Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita - 2023
  - (i) Mistake of fact
  - (ii) Judicial Acts
  - (iii) Accident
  - (iv) Necessity
  - ( v) Infancy
  - (vi) Insanity
  - (vii) Intoxication
  - (viii) Consent
  - (ix) Compulsion by Threat
  - (x) Act by Slight harm
  - (xi) **Private Defence**



## **PAPER-IV**

### **Property Law-I**

#### **General Principles Relating to Transfer of Property**

1. Meaning of the Transfer of Property: Scope and application of the Transfer of the Property Act, 1882
2. Definitions- Immovable Property, Notice, Attestation, Actionable claims.
3. Essentials of a valid Transfer. What may be transferred?
4. Conditional Transfer.
5. Vested interest and Contingent interest.
6. Transfer for the benefit of unborn persons.
7. Rule against perpetuity.
8. Direction for accumulation.
9. Doctrine of Election
10. Apportionment
11. Transfer by unauthorized person.
12. Restrictive Covenants.
13. Doctrine of Lis-pendens.
14. Fraudulent Transfer.
15. Doctrine of part-performance.

## **PAPER-V**

### **Human Rights: Law and Practice**

1. Meaning and Concept of Human Rights, Evolution & development of International Human Rights Law.
2. Civil & Political Rights, International Instruments & Part III of the Indian Constitution with special emphasis upon:
  - (a) The right to life, liberty & security of person.
  - (b) Protection against torture & other forms of cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.
  - (c) Protection against arbitrary Arrest & Detention.
  - (d) Freedom of Opinion & Expression.

### **Social & Economic Rights:**

1. International Instruments & Part IV of the Indian Constitution with special emphasis upon:
  - (a) Right to Work
  - (b) Right to Education
  - (c) Right to Adequate food
  - (d) Right to Culture
  - (e) Right to form and join Trade Union
2. International Machinery for Protection of Human Rights; Protection of Human Rights in India, with special reference to National Human Rights Commission.

## **PAPER-VI**

### **Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam**

1. **General:** Objectives, Applicability of electronic or digital records
2. **Preliminary:** Definitions
3. **Relevancy of facts:**
  - (a) Closely connected facts
  - (b) Admission and Confession
  - (c) Statements by persons who cannot be called as witnesses
  - (d) Statements made under special circumstances
  - (e) How much of a statement is to be proved
  - (f) Judgments of courts when relevant
  - (g) Opinions of third persons when relevant
  - (h) Character when relevant
4. **On Proof**
  - (a) Facts which need not be proved
  - (b) Kinds of evidence: Oral and Documentary Evidence, Hear say evidence, Direct and circumstantial evidence, primary and secondary evidence
  - (c) Public and private documents
  - (d) Presumptions as to documents
  - (e) Exclusion of oral evidence by documentary evidence
5. **Production and effect of evidence**
  - (a) Burden of Proof
  - (b) Estoppel
  - (c) Of witness: Who may testify, witness unable to communicate verbally, Privileged Communications and Accomplice
  - (d) Examination of Witnesses: Examination in Chief, Cross Examination, Re-Examination, Leading questions, questions which forbid by courts, exclusion of evidence to contradict answers, question by party to his own witness, Impeaching credit of Witness
  - (e) Improper admission and rejection of evidence

### **Reference Books:**

1. Ratan Lal Dhiraj Lal- The Law of Evidence
2. Batuk Lal- The Law of Evidence
3. Avtar Singh – Principles of The Law of Evidence
4. Sarkar S.C. – Law of Evidence
5. Justice P.S. Narayana – Law of Evidence
6. Justice M. Monir – Text on The Law of Evidence

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**SYLLABUS**

**B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) : FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE**

**SEMESTER – VI**

**PAPER-I**

**Jurisprudence-II**

1. Sources of Law
  - (a) Custom
  - (b) Precedent
  - (c) Legislation
  - (d) Juristic Writing
2. Right and Duties: Introduction; Analysis of Rights, Classification of Rights, Creation and Extinction of Rights
3. Legal Personality: Nature of Legal Personality, Natural and legal persons; Evolution of the notion of corporate personality; Types of Incorporation, Theories of the nature of corporate personality
4. Possession: Introduction; Analysis and Theories of possession; Mediate and Immediate possession; Illustrative cases
5. Ownership : Introduction; Possession and ownership
6. Property: Theories, Acquisition of Property
  - (i) Inter vivos
  - (ii) Succession

## **PAPER-II**

### **Public International Law**

1. Nature, Origin and Basis of International Law
2. Sources of International Law
3. Relation between International Law and Municipal Law
4. Recognition of States
5. Acquisition and Loss of Territory
6. Extradition
7. Asylum
8. Diplomatic Agents
9. Nationality
10. Law of Sea
11. Peaceful Settlement of International Disputes

### **Reference Books:**

1. Oppenheim- International Law
2. Starke's – International Law
3. H.O. Agrawal - International Law and Human Rights
4. S.K. Kapoor – International Law
5. S.K. Verma International Law

**PAPER-III**

**Law of Crimes-II**

1. Abetment
2. Criminal Conspiracy
3. Criminal Attempts
4. Offences Against Woman and Child
5. Culpable Homicide and Murder
6. Organised Crime, Petty Organised Crime and Terrorist Act
7. Hurt; Grievous and Simple
8. Wrongful restraint and Wrongful confinement
9. Criminal force and Assault
10. Kidnapping and Abduction
11. Unlawful Assembly, Riot and Affray
12. Theft, Snatching and Extortion
13. Robbery and Dacoity
14. Criminal Misappropriation and Criminal Breach of Trust
15. Cheating
16. Mischief
17. Forgery
18. Defamation

## **PAPER-IV**

### **Property Law-II**

#### **Specific Transfer and The Indian Easements Act, 1882**

**Sale:** Definition, Sale how made, Contract for sale: Rights and Liabilities of buyer and seller: Marshalling by subsequent purchaser

**Exchange:** Definition, Right and Liabilities of Parties

**Mortgage:** Definition and kind of mortgage. Difference between Mortgage and Charge, Right of Redemption, Right to foreclosure of Sale, Doctrine of Marshalling, Doctrine of Contribution

**Lease:** Definition, Duration of certain Leases, how made, Rights and Liabilities of Lessor and Lessee, Determination of Lease, holding over.

**Gift:** Definition, Essentials, Revocation of gift , Onerous gift universal done

**Actionable Claims:** Provisions Relating to Transfer

**Easement:** Definition, nature of easement, Kinds of easement, Easement of Necessity and Quasi Necessity, modes of acquisition of easement- grant, prescription and Custom extinction, suspension, and revival of easements

**Licence:** Definition, Nature and essential Features, Difference between Easement, License and Lease

## **PAPER-V**

### **Land Laws including tenure and tenancy system**

#### **Uttar Pradesh Revenue Code 2006 (U.P. Act no.8 of 2012)**

1. Objects and reasons of U.P. Land Revenue Code 2006
2. Some Important Concepts, Definition: Abadi, Grove Land, Gaon Fund and Gram Sabha, Taungya Plantation, Bhumi Prabandhak Samiti
3. Revenue Officer and Revenue Court.
4. Board of Revenue.
5. Boundaries and Boundary Marks: Boundary Marks and Boundary Dispute
6. Record of Rights, Distinctions of Khasara and Khatauni, Mutation, Correction Proceeding, in records, Kisan Bahi.
7. Composition and Function of Bhumi Prabandhak Samiti.
8. Land Tenure System.
9. Rights of Various Tenure Holders, including their Right to Mortgage and Lease.
10. Rule of Transfer for SC & ST Tenure Holders.
11. Succession of Male Tenure Holder
12. Succession of Female Tenure Holder
13. Wasiyat/ Will
14. Ejectment of Trespasser and effect to non-ejectment
15. Surrender and Abandonment
16. Right of Division
17. Revenue and Rent
18. Land revenue and procedure for realization of arrears of land revenue.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. R.R. Maurya- U.P. Land Law



## **PAPER-VI**

### **Interpretation of Statutes and Principles of Legislation**

#### **1. Basic Principles:**

- (a) Meaning of Interpretation and Construction
- (b) Intention of Legislature
- (c) Statute must be read as a whole in its context

#### **2. Basic Rules of Interpretation:**

- (a) Literal Rule
- (b) Golden Rule
- (c) Mischief Rule

#### **3. Internal Aids to Construction**

- (a) Different parts of Statutes and their aid in interpretation with special reference to Preamble, Illustration, Definition or Interpretation clause, Proviso and Schedules
- (b) *Noscitur a Sociis*  
*Ejusdem generis*  
*Expressio Unius Exclusio Alterius*  
*Casus Omissus*  
*Surplusage*

#### **4. External Aids to Interpretation**

- (a) Reports of Commissions and Committees
- (b) Proceedings in Parliament
- (c) Statement of Objects and Reasons
- (d) Precedents
- (e) Dictionaries
- (f) Text-Books and Encyclopedias

#### **5. Interpretation of Taxing and Penal Statutes**

#### **6. Interpretation of Remedial Statutes**

#### **7. Repeal and Amendment of Statutes**

#### **8. Mandatory and Directory Provisions**

#### **9. Interpretation of the Constitution**

#### **10. Special Rules for Interpretation of Constitution**

1. Presumption of validity
2. Liberal interpretation
3. *Stare-decicis*- whether applicable in constitutional matters
4. Doctrine of Implied Powers
5. Doctrine of Occupied Field
6. Doctrine of Pith and Substance
7. Doctrine of Colourable legislation
8. Doctrine of Basic Structure of Constitution

**11. General Clauses Act, 1897**

- (a) General Definitions
- (b) General Rules of Construction

**Reference Books:**

1. Maxwell- Interpretation of Statutes
2. G.P. Singh – Principles of statutory Interpretation

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## SYLLABUS

**B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) : FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE**

### **SEMESTER – VII**

#### **PAPER-I**

##### **Civil Procedure Code-I**

- ❖ **General Introduction** : Object, scope, application and rules of Interpretation of the Code Framework of the Code
- ❖ **Definitions:** Decree, Order, Preliminary decree, Final decree, Mesne profit
- ❖ **Jurisdiction of Civil Courts:**
  - Kinds of Jurisdiction
  - Suits of Civil nature
  - Res Sub-judicis
  - Res judicata
  - Bar to further Suits
  - Foreign Courts, Foreign Judgements
- ❖ **Place of Suing**
- ❖ **Institution of Suits**
  - Suit: Meaning, Essentials, Presentation
  - Parties of suit: General, Joinder of parties, non-joinder and mis-joinder of parties
  - Representative suit
- ❖ **Pleadings:** Definition and object, Basic rules of pleadings, Amendment of pleadings
- ❖ **Interim-Orders**
  - Arrest before judgment
  - Attachment before judgment
  - Temporary Injunctions
  - Interlocutory Orders
- ❖ **Special Suits:**
  - Interpleader Suits
  - Suits by indigent persons
- ❖ **Judgment-** Definition, Essentials, Pronouncement, Content and Alteration

**Recommended Books:**

1. Civil Procedure Code by Mulla
2. Civil Procedure Code by C.K. Takwani
3. Civil Procedure Code by T.P. Tripathi

**PAPER-II****Bhartiya Nagarik Surksha Sanhita -I**

1. General – Objective the rationale of procedure under Bhartiya Nagarik Surksha Sanhita: The importance of fair trial, constitutional perspective and values: Article- 14, 20 and 21, applicability of audio- video electronic means
2. Preliminary: Definition
3. Constitution and Powers of Criminal Courts
4. Arrest and Rights of arrested person
5. Security for keeping peace and Good Behaviour
6. Maintenance of Wives, Children and Parents
7. Maintenance of Public order and Tranquility
8. Conditional order for removal of Public Nuisance; Urgent cases of Nuisance and Apprehended Danger; Dispute as to Immovable Property; Preventive action of the police
9. Information to the police and powers to investigate

**Reference Books:**

1. R.V. Kelkar – The Code of Criminal Procedure
2. S.N. Misra – The Code of Criminal Procedure
3. Lectures on Criminal Procedure by R.V. Kelkar
4. Ratan Lal – Code of Criminal Procedure

## **PAPER-III**

### **Gender Justice & Feminist Jurisprudence**

#### 1. Introduction-

Meaning and concept of gender justice and feminist jurisprudence.

Causes for violence against women.

Feminist theories-

- (a) Liberal feminism.
- (b) Radical feminism.
- (c) Socialist feminism.

#### 2. Constitutional provisions and gender justice-

- (a) Gender justice and fundamental rights and fundamental duties.
- (b) Gender justice and directive principles of state policy.

#### 3. Gender based violence and significant international efforts-

Specific provisions (relating to women) of Universal Declaration of Human Rights, brief reference to International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights, 1966 and Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966, commission on status of women.

Declaration on elimination of discrimination against women, 1967.

Convention of the elimination of all forms of discrimination against women, 1979.

- (a) Committee on the elimination of discrimination against women.
- (b) The optional protocol to the convention on the elimination of all forms of discrimination against women.

World Conference on women with special focus on-

- (a) The first world conference on status of women, Mexico, 1975- World Plan of Action.
- (b) The Third world conference on women, Nairobi, 1985-Nairobi forward looking strategies.
- (c) The Fourth world conference on women, Beijing, 1995-Beijing platform For Action-critical areas, steps to be taken.

World conference on Human Rights at Vienna, 1993; Deceleration on Elimination of violence against Women, 1993.

#### 4. Women and specific offences-

Dowry-

- (a) Salient features of the Dowry Prohibition Act 1961
- (b) S. 80 BNS- Dowry death

Domestic Violence w.r.t -

- (a) S. 85 BNS, matrimonial conception of cruelty.
- (b) Salient features of Protection of women form Domestic violence Act, 2005.

Sexual harassment of women at workplace.

Female foeticide-

- (a) Main features of Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1991
  - (b) Salient features of Pre-conception and Pre-natal Diagnostic techniques (prohibition of sex selection) Act, 1994.
5. Compensation of victims of crime.
  6. Role of statutory bodies and institutions: National Human Rights Commission, National Commission for women, State Women Commission.

**Reference Books:**

1. Mamta Rao- Law Relating to Women and Children.
2. Dr. Anjani Kant – Law Relating to Women and Children.
3. Dr. S.C. Tripathi – Women and Criminal Law.
4. Prof. (Dr.) G.R. Nair – Gender Justice under Indian Criminal Justice.

## **PAPER-IV**

### **Penology & Victimology**

- 1. Meaning, aim and scope of Penology**
- 2. Tackling the problem of Criminality- Penology.**
  - (a) Concept of Punishment
  - (b) Theories of Punishment with special reference to the Deterrent and the Reformative theories.
  - (c) Kinds of Punishment under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023
  - (d) Capital Punishment
- 3. Alternatives to Punishment**
  - (a) Open Jails
  - (b) Probation – Meaning and nature, main features of Probation of Offenders Act, 1958 and Sec. 401 of BNSS
  - (c) Parole
- 4. Prison System**
  - (a) Introduction
  - (b) Evolution of Prison System. The America and British System.
  - (c) Prison reforms in India
  - (d) Prison objectives and problems
  - (e) Prisoner's Rights
- 5. Juvenile delinquency:** Nature and Control measures with special reference to the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection Act) 2000.
- 6. Meaning and importance of Victimology**

Recognition and development of victim's rights.  
Judicial attitude towards rights of victims.  
Legislative measures for compensation to the Victims of Crime.

### **Reference Books:**

1. Barnes and Teeters- New Horizons of Criminology
2. Sutherland, E.H.- Principles of Criminology
3. Paranjape, N.V.- Criminology and Penology
4. Siddique Ahmad – Criminology and Penology
5. Srivastava S.S. – Criminology and Criminal Administration

## **PAPER-V**

### **Principles of Taxation Law**

1. **Tax** : Meaning, Types and Purpose of Taxation Difference between Tax and fee, Tax and Duty Tax evasion, Tax avoidance and Tax-planning

2. **Scheme of Taxation:**

- (a) No tax without authority of Law (Article-265)
- (b) Taxes levied by Union and Collected by States (Article-268)
- (c) Tax levied and collected by Union, Assigned to States (Article-269)
- (d) Tax Levied and Collected by Union and Distributed between Union and States (Article-270)
- (e) Taxes for the purpose of Union (Article-271)
- (f) Taxes Levied and collected by the Union and distributed between Union and States (Article-272)

3. **Income Tax Act, 1961:**

**Basic Concepts:**

- (a) Assessment year
- (b) Previous year
- (c) Assessee
- (d) Meaning of Income
- (e) Gross Total Income
- (f) Agricultural Income
- (g) Chargeability
- (h) Residential Status of a person
- (i) Residential Status and incidence of Tax

**Heads of Income**

- (a) Income from Salaries
- (b) Income from House Property
- (c) Income from Profits and Gains from Business and Profession
- (d) Income from Capital Gains
- (e) Income from other Sources

**Computation of Income**

- (a) Clubbing of Income
- (b) Set-off and carry-forward of Losses
- (c) Deductions
- (d) Relief of Tax

**Income Tax Authorities and their Powers**

**Procedure for Assessment**

**Penalties, Offences and Prosecutions**

**Appeal and Revision**

**Recommended Books:**

- 1. Law of Taxation by Kailash Rai



2. Law of Taxation by Taxman
3. Service Tax by Taxman
4. Income Tax by Kanga & Palakiwala, N.A.

## **PAPER-VI**

### **Company Law**

1. **Meaning of Company, Definition, Incorporation,** Effects of Incorporation: Doctrine of Legal Personality and Lifting the Veil, advantages and Disadvantages of incorporation, Liability for Pre-Incorporation Contracts
2. **Kinds of Companies:** Public and Private
3. **Memorandum of Association:** Its meaning and importance, Object clause, Doctrine of ultravires, Effect of ultravires transaction
4. **Articles of Association:** Meaning and importance, Distinction between Memorandum and Articles, Doctrine of Indoor Management
5. **Prospectus:** Meaning and contents; Civil and Criminal Liability for false statement in the prospectus
6. **Shares:** Meaning, Nature and Kinds, Share Capital, Difference between share and Debenture
7. **Directors:** Appointment of Directors, Duties of Directors, Position and Powers of Directors, Removal of Directors
8. **Meeting of Company:** Statutory meeting, General meeting and Extra-Ordinary general meeting, Requisition of meeting
9. Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement. Meaning, Purpose, Conditions and Methods
10. **Winding up of Companies:** Meaning, kinds and consequences of winding up

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. Company Law by Avtar Singh
2. Company Law by R.K. Bangia

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# **VEER BAHADUR SINGH PURVANCHAL UNIVERSITY, JAUNPUR**

## **SYLLABUS**

**B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) : FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE**

### **SEMESTER – VIII**

#### **PAPER-I**

##### **Civil Procedure Code-II and Limitation Act**

##### **1. Execution of Decree**

- (a) Powers of Execution Court
- (b) Modes of Execution: Arrest, Attachment, Delivery of property

##### **2. Inherent Powers of the Court and its Limitations**

##### **3. Caveat:**

- (a) Meaning, Nature and object
- (b) Where Caveat does not lie

##### **4. Appeals**

- (a) Appeals against Original decree
- (b) Appeals from Appellate decree
- (c) Appeals by Indigent Person

##### **5. Second Appeal**

##### **6. Reference, Review and Revision**

##### **Limitation Act**

- 1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of Law of Limitation
- 2. Bar of Limitation and its Efficacy
- 3. Legal Disability: Meaning, Scope and Effect
- 4. Continuous running of time: Meaning, Scope and its Exceptions
- 5. Law Relating to registration of documents

##### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Civil Procedure Code by Mulla
- 2. Civil Procedure Code by C.K. Takwani
- 3. Civil Procedure Code by T.P. Tripathi

## **PAPER-II**

### **Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita -II**

- (a) Cognizance of offences, Limitation for taking cognizance
- (b) Complaints to Magistrates and Commencement of Proceedings
- (c) Form and Joinder of charges
- (d) Preliminary Pleas to Bar the Trial Jurisdiction, Pleas of *Autrefois* acquit, *Autrefois* convict, issue estoppels, Compounding of offence
- (e) Trial Before a Court of Session; Trial of warrant cases by Magistrates; Trial of Summons cases by Magistrates; Summary Trials
- (f) Bail Procedures
- (g) Sentencing: Suspension, Commutation and remission of Sentence,
- (h) Plea-Bargaining
- (i) Appeals, Reference and Revision

### **Reference Books:**

1. R.V. Kelkar – The Code of Criminal Procedure
2. S.N. Misra – The Code of Criminal Procedure
3. Lectures on Criminal Procedure by R.V. Kelkar
4. Ratan Lal – Code of Criminal Procedure

## **PAPER-III**

### **International Organization**

1. Evolution of International Organization
2. Legal status and functions as subject of International Law
3. Classification of International Organization
4. Privileges and Immunities of International Organization
5. United Nations:
  - (a) Security Council
  - (b) General Assembly
  - (c) Economic and Social Council
  - (d) Trusteeship Council
  - (e) Secretariat
6. Pacific Settlement of International Disputes through Security Council.
7. Enforcement Action
8. Peace keeping Operation under United Nations Caution
9. International Labour Organization and other specialized and Related Agencies such as :
  - (a) Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)
  - (b) United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)
  - (c) World Health Organization (WHO)
  - (d) International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD)
  - (e) World Trade Organization (WTO)

## **PAPER-IV**

### **Insurance Law**

1. Origin, History and Development of Insurance Law
2. Nature and definition of contract of Insurance
  - (a) Definition of Contract of Insurance
  - (b) Contract is 'Aleatory'
  - (c) Contract of Utmost Good Faith
  - (d) Contract of Indemnity
  - (e) Contract of Wager
3. Insurable Interest:
  - (a) Nature of insurable interest
  - (b) Nature of duration of interest
  - (c) Insurable interest and Life insurance
  - (d) Insurable interest and Fire insurance
4. The Risk:
  - (a) Meaning and Scope of risk
  - (b) Doctrine of Causa-Proxima
  - (c) Application of rule in various classes of insurance

- (d) The elements of risk
- (e) The alteration of the risk
- 5. Life Insurance Definition, Essentials, Nature and Scope; Event Insured; Circumstances affecting the Risk including suicide.
- 6. Fire Insurance: Definition, Nature and Scope; Meaning of the term “Fire” and “Loss by Fire”; Categories of Fire Insurance Policies.
- 7. Motor Vehicle Insurance: Nature and Scope; Third Party or Compulsory Insurance of Motor Vehicles; Constitution; Powers and Function of Claims Tribunal; Insurance Ombudsman.
- 8. The Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA)
  - (a) Establishment
  - (b) Composition
  - (c) Duties, powers and functions

**Prescribed Books:**

1. K.S.N. Murthy & K.V.S. Sharma, Modern Law Insurance in India (4<sup>th</sup> ed., 2002)
2. S.V. Joga Rao, M.N. Srinivasan’s, Principle of Insurance Law (9<sup>th</sup> ed.,2009)
3. Kenneth S. Abraham, Insurance Law and Regulation : (Cases and Materials, Foundation Press (2010)

**PAPER-V**

**Information Technology Law**

1. Introduction : What is Cyber Law; need for Cyber Law; Cyber Space
  - (a) Evolution, Definition and Nature of Cyber Crime and Cyber Security
  - (b) Different kinds of Cyber Crime, Prevention of Cyber Crime
  - (c) Electronic Discovery
  - (d) Merits and Demerits of Artificial Intelligence
2. Hacking
  - (a) Evolution of Hacking, The Techniques of Hacking
  - (b) Reasons of Hacking, Prevention of Hacking
3. Cyber Stalking
  - (a) Nature, extent and Different kinds of Cyber Stalking
  - (b) Methods of Cyber Stalking
4. Pornography
  - (a) Pornography on the Internet, Obscenity and Pornography, Child Pornography
  - (b) Legal position in different countries regarding Cyber Pornography in United Kingdom, United States of America and In India
5. Cyber Crimes in Financial Activities
  - (a) Kinds of financial Cyber Crime

- (b) Legal position in U.K., U.S. and India
- (c) Crimes in Blockchains
- 6. Cyber Terrorism
  - (a) Definition and Nature of Cyber Terrorism
  - (b) Prevention of Cyber Terrorism
- 7. Law in the Cyberspace
  - (a) Challenges in Enforcement of Law in Cyberspace
  - (b) International effects for Harmonization
- 8. IPR and Cyber Law
  - (a) The concept of Intellectual Property Right
  - (b) Impact of Technology on Copyright and Trade Mark
- 9. E-Commerce
  - (a) Introduction, Digital Signature
  - (b) E-Contract and E-Governance
- 10. Privacy in Cyber Space
  - (a) Right to Privacy, Activities on Internet which can Affect Privacy
  - (b) The Liabilities of an Internet Service Provider in Cyber Space
- 11. The Information Technology Act 2000 (An overview of the Act)

### **Prescribed Books**

- |                             |   |                            |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| 1. Fundamental of Cyber Law | - | Rohas Nagpal               |
| 2. E-Commerce               | - | Rohas Nagpal               |
| 3. Cyber Laws               | - | Mr. Justice Yatindra Singh |

### **PAPER-VI**

#### **Intellectual Property Rights**

1. General Introduction
  - (a) Meaning & Nature of IPR, Evolution and Development of I.P.R at National and International Level
  - (b) Types of Intellectual Property
2. Trademark-
  - (a) Meaning & Concept of Trademarks
  - (b) Essential Requirements & Functions of Trademarks
  - (c) Conditions for Registration of Trademarks
  - (d) Prohibition of Registration of Trademarks
  - (e) Infringement & Passing off
3. Copyright-
  - (a) Meaning & Nature of copyright
  - (b) Scope & Functions of copyright
  - (c) General Principles of copyright

- (i) Requirements of copyright
  - (ii) Copyright in form, not in idea
  - (iii) Adaptation
  - (d) Subject matter of Copyright
  - (e) Term of Copyright
  - (f) Author & ownership of copyright
  - (g) Rights of Copyright owner
  - (h) Assignment of Copyright
  - (i) Infringement of Copyright & fair dealing
4. Patent-
- (a) Meaning of Patent
  - (b) Subject Matter of Patent
  - (c) Objects of Patent grant system
  - (d) Rights & Obligation of Patentee
  - (e) Procedure for grant of a Patent
  - (f) Opposition to grant of Patent
  - (g) Term of Patent
  - (h) Infringement of Patent
5. Brief Survey of the following Acts:
- (a) Geographical Indication of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999
  - (b) Protection of Plant varieties and Farmer's Right Act, 2001
  - (c) Designs Act, 2000
  - (d) Biological Diversity Act, 2002

**Reference Books:**

- 1. Cornish W.R – Intellectual Property Rights
- 2. J.P. Misra – Intellectual Property Law
- 3. Wadehra, B.L – Law Relation to Patents and Copyrights
- 4. Narayanan, P. – Intellectual Property Law
- 5. Bently & Sherman – Intellectual Property Law

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**B.A.LL.B. (Hons.) : FIVE YEAR INTEGRATED COURSE**

### **SEMESTER –IX**

#### **PAPER-I**

##### **Alternate Dispute Resolution**

- 1. Alternate Dispute Redressal System:**
  - (a) Necessity, Concept and Scope of ADR
  - (b) Legal Recognition of ADR: Legal Services Authority Act 1987; C.P.C. (Amendment) Act 1999, Malimath Committee Report
- 2. Kinds of ADR System :** Lok-Adalat, Arbitration under Arbitration, Conciliation, Mediation
- 3. Lok-Adalat under Legal Services Authority Act 1987**
  - (a) Organization and Jurisdiction of Lok Adalat
  - (b) Powers of Lok Adalat
  - (c) Functioning of Lok Adalat
- 4. Arbitration under Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996**
  - (a) Definitions: Arbitration, Arbitration Agreement, Arbitral Award, International Commercial Arbitration
  - (b) Power of the Court to refer to arbitration
  - (c) Appointment of Arbitrator
  - (d) Conduct of Arbitral Proceedings
  - (e) Arbitration Award
  - (f) Setting aside of Arbitral Award
  - (g) Foreign awards and conditions for Enforcement
- 5. Conciliation :**
  - (a) Meaning and scope
  - (b) Appointment and Role of Conciliators
  - (c) Conciliation proceedings
  - (d) Settlement Agreements : Status and Effect of Settlement agreement
- 6. Mediation**
  - (a) Process
  - (b) Applicability in Dispute Resolution



## **PAPER-II**

### **Labour and Industrial Law-I**

#### **General:**

- (a) Origin and Development of Labour Law
- (b) Position of Status and Contract
- (c) Laissez – Faire, Hire and Fire.
- (d) From Contract to status
- (e) Role of ILO in growth and development Labour Law
- (f) Effect of Globalization

#### **Social Security Legislations**

Social justice, social security and social equity

#### **Employee's Compensations Act, 1923**

- (a) Definition of disablement, dependant, employee, employer.
- (b) Conditions for payment of compensation and when compensation is not payable.
- (c) Notional extension of employer's premises.
- (d) Amount of compensation and distribution
- (e) Commissioner's his powers and functions and when appeal can be preferred against the order of commissioner.

#### **Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Act, 1952**

- (a) Scope, Application and Constitutionality of Act
- (b) Definition of Factory, Wages, Occupier
- (c) Schemes and Benefits under the Act
- (d) Contribution
- (e) Protection to fund
- (f) Authorities

#### **Employees State Insurance Act, 1948**

- (a) Scope, Object and Application
- (b) Corporation & Committees
- (c) Contribution
- (d) Benefits
- (e) Penalties

#### **Minimum Wages Act, 1948**

- (a) Scope and Object of the Act
- (b) Fixation and Revision of minimum rates of wages etc.

### **PAPER-III**

#### **Competition Law**

1. Competition Law: Background, Prohibitions, Competition Commission of India
2. Corporate Finance and Regulatory Framework Security Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956; SEBI Act, 1992; Depositories Act, 1996
3. The Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002
4. Regulatory Framework for foreign Trade, Multinational Companies Foreign Trade (Development & Regulation) Act, 1992
5. UNCTAD Draft Model on Trans-national Corporations Control and Regulation of foreign companies in India, Foreign collaborations and joint ventures.
6. Foreign Exchange Management Competition, Act, 2002; Foreign Trade (Development & Regulation) Act, 1992; Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999

## **PAPER-IV**

### **Forensic Science**

#### **1. Introduction to Forensic Science**

- (a) Definition
- (b) Need
- (c) Functions and Roles
- (d) Principles

#### **2. Forensic Science in Justice Delivery.**

- (a) Standards of Admissibility of Forensic Evidence
- (b) Provisions under Constitution of India
- (c) Provisions under BNSS
- (d) Provisions under Indian Evidence Act Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam
- (e) Third degree methods, stock witness, trap evidence, testimonial compulsion
- (f) Important cases

#### **3. Medico-Legal cases/Medical Jurisprudence**

- (a) Medico-Legal aspects of death, death from asphyxia, strangulation, drowning etc.
- (b) Postmortem examination
- (c) Human Rights Issues
- (d) Medico-Legal Aspects of Wounds

#### **4. Fingerprints and DNA Fingerprinting**

#### **5. Narco Analysis and Polygraph Test**

#### **6. Questioned documents, Track marks, Scene of Occurrence**

## **PAPER-V**

### **Right to Information Law**

1. Right to Information: A General overview, Origin and History Right to Information, RTI and International Covenants, RTI in other Countries- UK, USA, European Union
2. RTI: Jurisprudential Aspects, Concepts of Freedom, Justice and Legal Rights.
3. Right to Information Act, 2005: Salient Features, Preliminary, RTI and Pubic Authorities, Central Information Commission, State Information Commission, Powers and Functions of Information Commissioner, Appeals and Penalties, and Miscellaneous Provisions.
4. RTI and Judicial Activism: Judicial Activism, RTI and High Courts, RTI and Supreme Court and RTI v. Judiciary.
5. RTI and other Laws (Only Sections Relevant to RTI): IT Act, 2000; Official Secrets Act, 1923; Atomic Energy Act, 1962; Contempt of Courts Act, 1971
6. RTI Emerging Trends: Media and RTI; RTI and Art. 19 (1) (a) and Art. 21; Interconnections, Stretching RTI to unreasonable limits and RTI: A Right without Duty

## **PAPER-VI**

### **Private International Law**

1. Introduction:
  - (a) Definition, Nature, Scope and Importance of Private International Law
  - (b) Conflict of Law and Private International Law
  - (c) Distinction between Private International Law and Public International Law.
2. The Process of Classification/Characterization: Theories of Classification and its Necessity.
3. Doctrine of Renvoi: Partial Renvoi, Total Renvoi and its application.
4. The concept of Connecting Factor:
  - (i) Domicile: Meaning and its Kinds;
  - (ii) Nationality
  - (iii) Residence.
5. Matters related to Substantive and Procedural Law.
6. Choice of Jurisdiction
  - (i) Meaning and Bases jurisdiction
  - (ii) Position in England and India
  - (iii) Staying of Action
  - (iv) Forum Shopping.
7. The Law of Contractual Obligations;
  - (i) Creation of Contractual Obligations and General Principles of Contract
  - (ii) The Proper Law of Contract
  - (iii) The Rome Convention, 1982.

8. Foreign Tort:
  - (i) The Traditional Theories
  - (ii) Present Position in English Law and Indian Law.
9. Law relating to Marriage and Matrimonial Causes.
10. Recognition & Enforcement of Foreign Judgments.
11. Law relating to Sovereign and Diplomatic Immunity.

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**SEMESTER –X**

**PAPER-I**

**Offences Against Child and Juvenile Offence**

1. International Norms for Protection of the Child
  - (a) UN Declaration of the Rights of the Child 1959
  - (b) UN Convention on the Rights of the Child 1989
2. Indian Constitution and the Protection of Child
  - (a) Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy
  - (b) Government of India's National Policy for Children, 1974.
3. Protection Against Economic Exploitation:
  - (a) ILO Convention on Restriction and Prohibition on Child Labour including ILO Convention on Child Labour, 1999
  - (b) Child Labour (Protection and Regulation), Act, 1986.
4. Protection Against Sexual Exploitation
  - (a) Child Prostitution
  - (b) Prevention from abduction, sale and immoral trafficking.
5. Juvenile Justice System:
  - (a) Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000.
  - (b) Criminal Law Amendment Act, 2013
  - (c) Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015 and Amendment of 2019
  - (d) UN Standard Minimum Rules for the Administration of Juvenile (The Beijing Rules) 1985

## **PAPER-II**

### **Labour & Industrial Law II**

#### **1. The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act 1946**

- (a) Scope and application of the Act and nature of certified standing order
- (b) Standing order
- (c) Procedure of Certification of Standing order
- (d) Powers of Certifying officer regarding certificate
- (e) Duration & modification of standing orders

#### **2. The Trade Union Act 1926**

- (a) Aim and object of the Act
- (b) Trade Union Law vis a vis law of Tort, Contract and Constitutional Law.
- (c) Definition of Trade Union and Trade dispute.
- (d) Procedure of registration of Trade Union, Cancellation and withdrawal of Certificate of registration.
- (e) General objects for which Trade Union Fund may be utilized.
- (f) Political Fund of Trade Unions.
- (g) Privileges of a Registered Trade Union.
- (h) Position of minor vis a vis Trade Union & Amalgamation of Trade Unions.

#### **3. The Industrial Disputes Act 1947**

- (a) Definition of Industry, Industrial dispute
- (b) Definition of strike and lock out and provisions relating to a valid strike & lock out.
- (c) Definition of Lay- off and Retrenchment and provisions relating to valid Lay- off and Retrenchment.
- (d) Settlement of dispute: Compulsory and voluntary and nature of Award and its operation.



### **PAPER-III**

#### **Moot Court Exercise and Internship**

1. **Moot Court (30 Marks):** Every student may be required to do at least three moot courts in a year with 10 marks for each. The moot court work will be on assigned problem and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for written submission and 5 marks for oral advocacy.
2. **Observance of Trial in two cases (30 marks):** One Civil and One Criminal. Students may be required to attend two trials in the course of the last two or three years of B.A. LL.B studies. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assigned.
3. **Interviewing techniques and Pre-trial preparations and Internship diary (30 marks):** Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer's Office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a diary, which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary, which will carry 15 marks.
4. The fourth component of this paper will be Viva -voce examination on all the above three aspects. This will carry 10 marks.

## **PAPER –IV**

### **Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing**

#### **1. Pleading :**

- (a) Meaning, importance and objects of pleadings, difference between pleading and proof.
- (b) Fundamental rules of pleading
- (c) Amendment of pleadings
- (d) Frame of suit, Cause of action, Joinder of causes of action, Misjoinder of causes of action.

2. **Plaint:** Essential parts of plaint, Presentation and Rejection of Plaint.

3. **Written Statement:** Essentials of Written Statement, Rules and exceptions as to denials, Set-off and counter claim, Consequences of Non-filing of a Written Statement

4. **Drafting:** General principle of drafting and relevant substantive rules. Drafting Exercises in civil and criminal cases

5. **Civil :** Plaint, Written Statement, Interlocutory application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision, Writ petitions.

6. **Criminal:** Complaint, Bail application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.

7. **Conveyancing:** Parts of a deed; Drafting exercises in Sale deed, Mortgage deed, Lease deed, Gift-Deed, Power of Attorney, Will.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing by R.N. Chaturevedi
- 2. The Law of Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing by R.D. Srivastava
- 3. Mogha's Law of Pleading
- 4. Pleadings & Conveyancing by K.K. Srivastava
- 5. Art of Conveyancing & Pleadings by Manohar, Murli
- 6. Drafting & Conveyancing by S.P. Aggarwal
- 7. Pleadings by S.P. Aggarwal

## **PAPER-V**

### **Professional Ethics and Professional Accountancy for Lawyers and Bar-Bench Relations**

#### **Professional Ethics:**

- (a) History, importance and contribution of legal profession
- (b) Enrollment of advocates and establishment of Bar Councils.
- (c) Meaning, Nature and need of ethics for legal profession.

#### **Duties of an advocate:**

- (a) Duties of advocate to the court
- (b) Duties of advocate to the client
- (c) Duties of advocate to the society
- (d) Duties of advocate to the colleagues

#### **Punishment for professional or other misconduct:**

- (a) Meaning of professional or other misconduct.
- (b) Nature and extent of punishment
- (c) Remedies against the order of punishment

#### **Leading Cases:**

- (a) Prahlad Saran Gupta v. Bar Council of India 1997 (2) SCR 499
- (b) Hikmat Ali v. Ishwar Prasad Arya and Others AIR, 1997 SC, 864
- (c) P.D. Gupta v. Ram Murti and Others (1997) 7 SSC 147

#### **Meaning and categories of contempt of court:**

- (a) Object and importance of contempt law, Civil and Criminal Contempt.
- (b) Contempt jurisdiction of the subordinate courts.
- (c) Nature and extent of punishment for contempt of court.
- (d) Defence open to the contemnor in criminal contempt.
- (e) Defence open to the contemnor in civil contempt.
- (f) Remedies against the punishment for contempt of court.

**Important cases on contempt of court:**

- (a) Delhi judicial services association v. State of Gujarat, 1991 AIR, SC 2176
- (b) Mohd. Aslam v. Union of India, 1996 AIR, SC 1611
- (c) In re Vinay Chandra Mishra, 1995 AIR, SC 2348
- (d) Supreme Court Bar Association v. Union of India, 1998 AIR, SC 1895
- (e) State of Rajasthan v. Prakash Chand, 1998 AIR, SC 1344

**Recommended Books :**

- 1. Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bench-Bar Relations by Dr. S.P. Gupta.
- 2. Legal and Professional Ethics by P. Ramanatha Aiyer
- 3. Professional Ethics by Raju Ramachandran
- 4. Legal Ethics, Accountability for lawyer & Bench – Bar Relations by Kailash Rai.
- 5. Professional Ethics by Sirohi

**PAPER-VI**

**Project-II**

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